# Introduction to Process Mining

Dr.Raouf Khayami

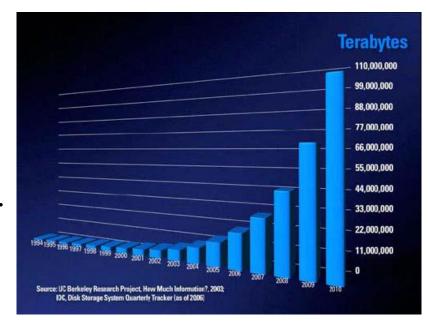
Fatemeh Davalloo

## Index

- > Introduction
- Process Mining
- Event Logs
- Process Discovery
- > Prom

#### Introduction

- The growth of a digital universe that is well-aligned with process in organizations makes it possible to record and analyze events.
- Process mining provides new ways to utilize the abundance of data in enterprises.
- Process mining techniques have matured significantly over the past few years and as a result, management trends related to process improvement and compliance can now benefit from process mining.



#### What is a Business Process?

- ▶ Business processes are what companies do whenever they deliver a service or a product to customers.
- The way processes are designed and performed affects both "the quality of service" that customers perceive and the efficiency with which services are delivered.

# What is a business process?

▶ Business processes encompasses a number of events and activities, and involves a number of actors.

• Events correspond to things that happen atomically.



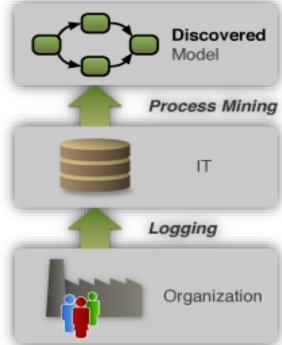
# What is Process Mining?

Today every organization have its own information system to store various kinds of data about their tasks and services.

Process mining aims to discover, monitor and improve real processes by extracting

knowledge from event logs readily available in today's information systems.

• Real process means the process that is actually taking place in an organization.



# What is Process Mining?

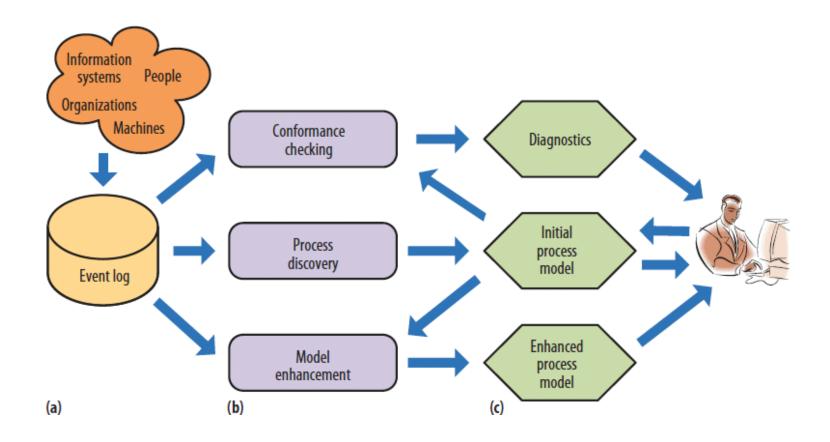
All of the process mining techniques assume that it is possible to sequentially record events in a way, that each event refers to an activity and is related to a particular case.

▶ These events and their detailed information make an event log.

case id	event id	properties							
		timestamp	activity	resource	cost				
	35654423	30-12-2010:11.02	register request	Pete	50				
1	35654424	31-12-2010:10.06	examine thoroughly	Sue	400				
	35654425	05-01-2011:15.12	check ticket	Mike	100				
	35654426	06-01-2011:11.18	decide	Sara	200				
	35654427	07-01-2011:14.24	reject request	Pete	200				
	35654483	30-12-2010:11.32	register request	Mike	50				
2	35654485	30-12-2010:12.12	check ticket	Mike	100				
	35654487	30-12-2010:14.16	examine casually	Pete	400				
	35654488	05-01-2011:11.22	decide	Sara	200				
	35654489	08-01-2011:12.05	pay compensation	Ellen	200				
	35654521	30-12-2010:14.32	register request	Pete	50				
3	35654522	30-12-2010:15.06	examine casually	Mike	400				
	35654524	30-12-2010:16.34	check ticket	Ellen	100				
	35654525	06-01-2011:09.18	decide	Sara	200				
	35654526	06-01-2011:12.18	reinitiate request	Sara	200				
	35654527	06-01-2011:13.06	examine thoroughly	Sean	400				
	35654530	08-01-2011:11.43	check ticket	Pete	100				
	35654531	09-01-2011:09.55	decide	Sara	200				
	35654533	15-01-2011:10.45	pay compensation	Ellen	200				
	35654641	06-01-2011:15.02	register request	Pete	50				
4	35654643	07-01-2011:12.06	check ticket	Mike	100				
	35654644	08-01-2011:14.43	examine thoroughly	Sean	400				
	35654645	09-01-2011:12.02	decide	Sara	200				
	35654647	12-01-2011:15.44	reject request	Ellen	200				

# Different Types of Process Mining

- Discovery
- Conformance
- **Enhancement**



## Discovery

- Deriving information from some event log without using an a priori model.
- ▶ Based on an event log various types of models may be discovered.
  - Process model
  - Business rules
  - Organizational model



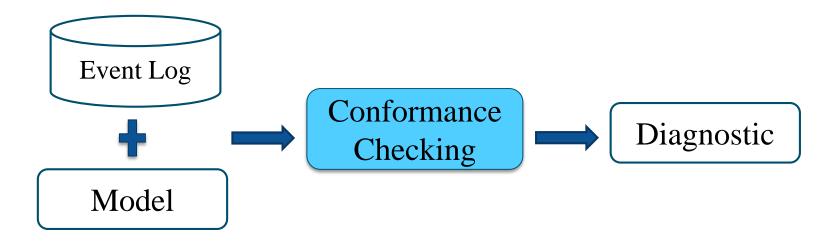
# Discovery

Example of a *process model* derived from an artificial loan event log.

Case ID	Properties		
	event	Timestamp	
О	register application	4/16/2013 10:08	
0	check credit	4/16/2013 10:16	
О	calculate capacity	4/16/2013 10:16	
0	check system	4/16/2013 10:20	
0	accept	4/16/2013 10:21	
О	send decision e- mail	4/16/2013 10:26	
1	register application	4/16/2013 10:10	
1	check credit	4/16/2013 10:16	
1	calculate capacity	4/16/2013 10:16	
1	check system	4/16/2013 10:20	check
1	accept	4/16/2013 10:24	credit+comp
1	send decision e- mail	4/16/2013 10:29	reject+comp
2	register application	4/16/2013 10:15	register
2	check credit	4/16/2013 10:22	application+capacity+co
2	calculate capacity	4/16/2013 10:23	
2	check system	4/16/2013 10:29	accept+com
2	accept	4/16/2013 10:37	check
2	send decision e- mail	4/16/2013 10:44	system+com

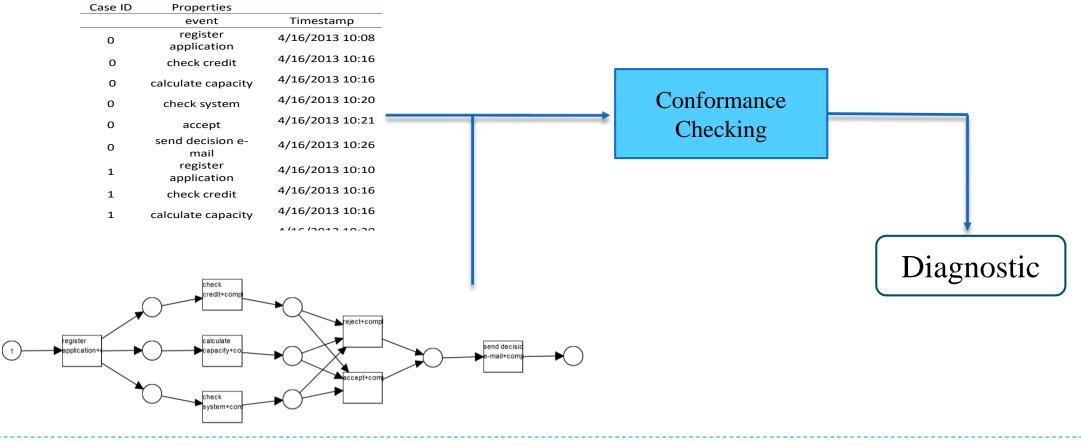
# Conformance Checking

- ▶ An existing process model is compared with an event log of the same process.
- Conformance checking can be used to make sure reality, as recorded in the log, conforms to the model and vice versa.



# Conformance Checking cont.

A prerequisite of conformance analysis is that the tasks in *process model* must be *associated* with the *logged events*.

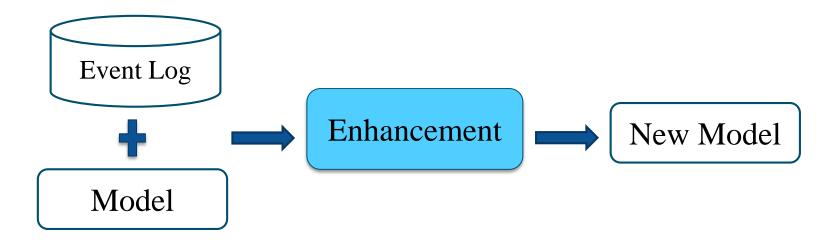


# Conformance Checking

- ▶ Conformance checking demands for two different types of metrics:
  - **Fitness:** the extent to which the logged traces can be associated with valid execution paths specified by the process model
  - **Appropriateness:** the degree of accuracy in which the process model describes the observed behavior, combined with the degree of clarity in which it is represented.

#### Enhancement

- Improve or extend an existing process model using information about the actual process recorded in some event log.
- E.g. by using timestamps in the event log one can extend the model to show bottlenecks, service levels, throughout time, frequencies.



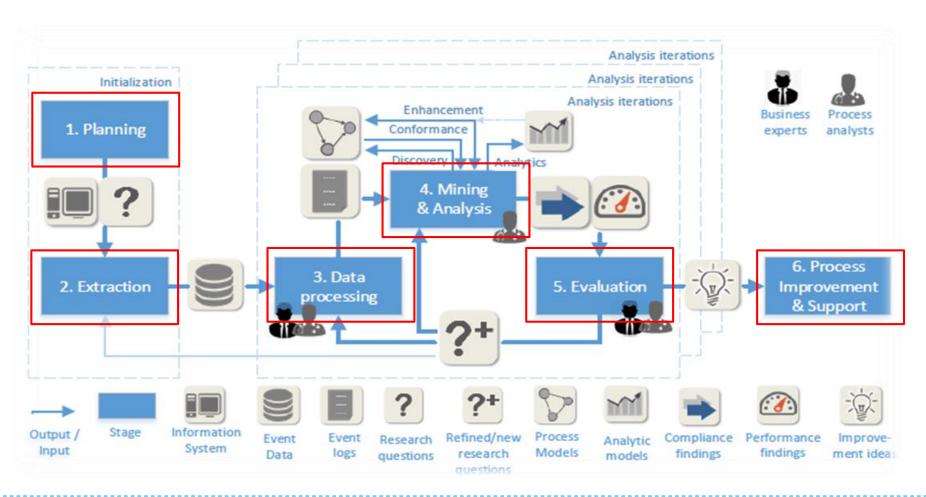
# **Process Mining Perspectives**

Process mining can also be categorize into four different perspectives

Control-flow	Focuses on the control flow, i.e. the ordering of activities.  Focuses on information about resources hidden in the log, i.e. which actors are involved and how are they related.				
Organizational					
Case	Focuses on properties of cases.				
Time	Concerned with the timing and frequency of events.				

# PM2-a Process Mining Project Methodology

▶ PM2 is a methodology, designed to guide the execution of process mining projects.



## Index

- ✓ Introduction
- ✓ Process Mining
  - ✓ Definition
  - Types
  - Perspectives
  - Methodology
- Event Logs
  - Concept
  - Formats
- Process Discovery
- > Prom

# Event Logs: starting point of process mining

• Events are recorded sequentially, each event refers to an activity and is related to a particular case.

> Activity: specific step in some process

> Resource: the person who executed the event -

> Case (Trace): a process instance

I	case id event id				properties				
			timestamp	activity			resource	cost	
•		35654423	30-12-2010:11.02	re	gister request	t	Pete	50	
	1	35654424	31-12-2010:10.06	exan	nine thorough	hly	Sue	400	
		35654425	05-01-2011:15.12	(	heck ticket		Mike	100	
/		35654426	06-01-2011:11.18		decide		Sara	200	
		35654427	07-01-2011:14.24	re	eject request		Pete	200	
•		35654483	30-12-2010:11.32		gister request	t	Mike	50	
	2	35654485	30-12-2010:12.12		heck ticket	icket Mike		100	
		35654487	30-12-2010:14.16	exa	mine casuall	y	Pete	400	
		35654488	05-01-2011:11.22		decide		Sara	200	
		35654489	08-01-2011:12.05	pay	compensatio	on	Ellen	200	
Г		35654521	30-12-2010:14.32		gister request		Pete	50	
t	3	35654522	30-12-2010:15.06		mine casuall	y	Mike	400	
		35654524	30-12-2010:16.34	(	heck ticket		Ellen	100	
		35654525	06-01-2011:09.18		decide		Sara	200	
		35654526	06-01-2011:12.18		nitiate reques		Sara	200	
		35654527	06-01-2011:13.06		nine thorough	hly	Sean	400	
		33034330	08-01-2011:11.43	(	heck ticket		Pete	100	
		35654531	09-01-2011:09.55		decide		Sara	200	
Ļ		35654533	15-01-2011:10.45	pay	compensatio	on	Ellen	200	
		35654641	06-01-2011:15.02		gister request	t	Pete	50	
	4	35654643	07-01-2011:12.06		heck ticket		Mike	100	
		35654644	08-01-2011:14.43	exan	nine thorough	hly	Sean	400	
		35654645	09-01-2011:12.02		decide		Sara	200	
		35654647	12-01-2011:15.44	re	eject request		Ellen	200	
•		35654711	06-01-2011:09.02	re	gister request	t	Ellen	50	
	5	35654712	07-01-2011:10.16	exa	mine casuall	ly	Mike	400	
		35654714	08-01-2011:11.22	(	heck ticket		Pete	100	
		35654715	10-01-2011:13.28		decide		Sara	200	
		35654716	11-01-2011:16.18	rei	nitiate reques	st	Sara	200	
		35654718	14-01-2011:14.33		heck ticket		Ellen	100	
		35654719	16-01-2011:15.50	exa	mine casuall	y	Mike	400	
		35654720	19-01-2011:11.18		decide		Sara	200	
		35654721	20-01-2011:12.48		nitiate reques		Sara	200	
		35654722	21-01-2011:09.06		mine casuall	y	Sue	400	
		35654724	21-01-2011:11.34	(	heck ticket		Pete	100	
		35654725	23-01-2011:13.12		decide		Sara	200	
		35654726	24-01-2011:14.56	-	eject request		Mike	200	

# **Event Logs: Standard Formats**

- Most of the information systems have their own format to record data, hence the need to create standard formats for event logs | SprocessInstance id="Order 1" description="instance with Order 1">
- to create standard formats for event logs.
- MXML

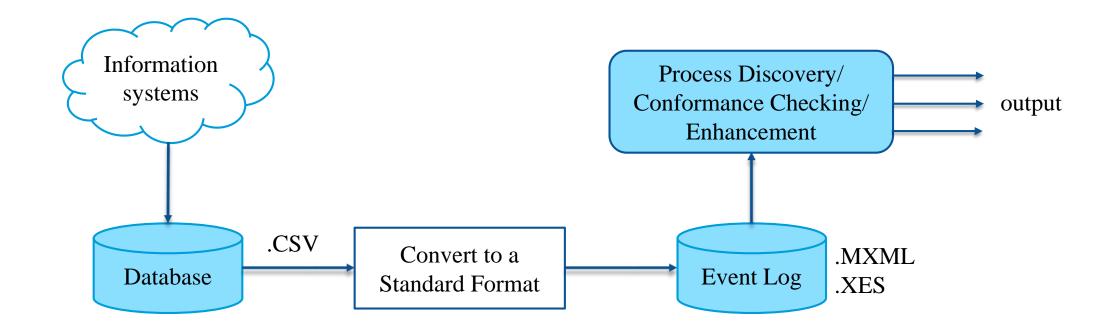
```
<Data>
    <Attribute name="totalValue">2142.38</Attribute>
  </Data>
  <AuditTrailEntry>
    < Workflow Model Element > Create < / Workflow Model Element >
    <EventType>complete</EventType>
    <originator>Wil</originator>
    < timestamp > 2009 - 01 - 03T15:30:00.000 + 01:00 < / timestamp > 
    <Data>
      <Attribute name="currentValue">2142.38</Attribute>
      <a href="requestedBy">Eric</attribute></a>
      <a href="supplier">Fluxi Inc.</a>.</a href="supplier">Fluxi Inc.</a>.
      <Attribute name="expectedDelivery">2009-01-12T12:00:00.000+01:00
    </Data>
  </AuditTrailEntry>
</ProcessInstance>
```

XES

```
<trace>
 <string key="concept:name" value="Order 1"/>
 <float key="order:totalValue" value="2142.38"/>
  <event>
   <string key="concept:name" value="Create"/>
   <string key="lifecycle:transition" value="Complete"/>
   <string key="org:resource" value="Wil"/>
   <date key="time:timestamp" value="2009-01-03T15:30:00.000+01:00"/>
   <float key="order:currentValue" value="2142.38"/>
   <string key="details" value="Order creation details">
     <string key="requestedBy" value="Eric"/>
     <string key="supplier" value="Fluxi Inc."/>
     <date key="expectedDelivery" value="2009-01-12T12:00:00.000+01:00"/>
    </string>
 </event>
</trace>
```

## Event Logs: Standard Formats cont.

In order to use non-standard event logs created by some information system, first it should be converted to a standard one.



# Event Logs: Challenges and Problems

- Uncompleted events
- No timestamp or sequential order
- Duplicated events
- ▶ Invisible Tasks
- etc.

### Index

- ✓ Introduction
- ✓ Process Mining
  - ✓ Definition
  - Types
  - Perspectives
  - Methodology
- ✓ Event Logs
  - ✓ Concept
  - ✓ Formats
- Process Discovery
- > Prom

## **Process Discovery**

- In most cases the required data to create a standard event log is scattered through multiple tables or databases.
- ▶ To prepare an event log:
  - Have plan and research questions
  - Study the information system, databases and tables
  - Choose required attributes based on your research questions
  - Find the mutual attributes to connect tables
  - Identify cases, events and their properties

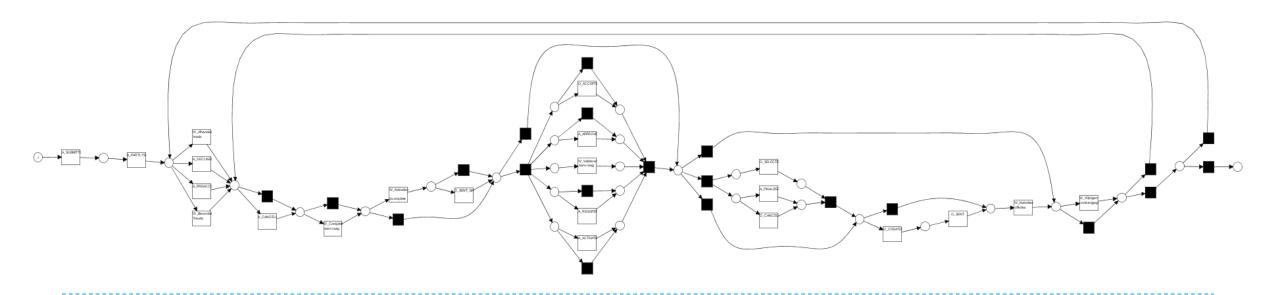
## Process Discovery

▶ Real event log on handling loan applications for small consumer loans.

- ▶ Tables:
  - Personal Profile
  - Submitted Requests
  - Handling Requests
  - etc.

# Process Discovery: example

case	event	startTime	completeTime	REG_DATE	AMOUNT_REQ		
173688	SUBMITTED	38:44.5	38:44.5	38:44.5	20000		
173688	PARTLYSUBMITTED	38:44.9	38:44.9	38:44.5	20000		
173688	PREACCEPTED	39:37.9	39:37.9	38:44.5	20000	ı	
173688	PREACCEPTED	39:37.9	39:37.9	38:44.5	20000		Process Mining
173688	ACCEPTED	42:43.3	42:43.3	38:44.5	20000		
173688	SELECTED	45:09.2	45:09.2	38:44.5	20000		Tool
173688	FINALIZED	45:09.2	45:09.2	38:44.5	20000	•	-
173688	CREATED	45:11.2	45:11.2	38:44.5	20000		
173688	SENT	45:11.4	45:11.4	38:44.5	20000		
173688	SENT	45:11.4	45:11.4	38:44.5	20000		*



# **Process Mining Application**

> Several process mining tools have been developed over the past few years, hear are some examples

<b>Process Mining Tool</b>	Vendor	Website		
ProM	Open source	www.promtools.org		
ProMLite	Open source	www.promtools.org		
RapidProM	Open source	www.rapidprom.org		
Celonis Process Mining	Celonis GmbH	www.celonis.de		
Disco	Fluxicon	www.fluxicon.com		

# Thank you